

## SPECIFICATION

**Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 3, line 6, as follows:**

For a second exemplary network, edge connectivity of the network is 3 (i.e., at least 3 links must be removed to disconnect the network), where, again, all link capacities are equal. In this case, for any link  $e=(i,j)$ , two link disjoint paths  $B_e$  and  $B_e'$  exist from node  $i$  to node  $j$  that do not include link  $e$ . Suppose that  $2/3$  ( $\approx 67\%$ ) of the capacity of every link is reserved for working traffic. Then, when a link  $e$  fails, half of its working traffic, which is at most  $1/3$  of the link capacity, may be rerouted on detour  $B_e$ , and the other half on detour  $B_e'$ , since (i) every link on  $B_e$  and  $B_e'$  has  $1/3$  of its capacity reserved for restoration traffic, (ii) detours  $B_e$  and  $B_e'$  are link disjoint, and (iii) all link capacities are equal. Hence, for the second exemplary network, ~~67%~~ 33% of the network capacity is reserved for restoration.